VENABLE[®]

Ogilvy Washington

Surviving a Governmental Investigation without a Black Eye: Key Legal, Communications and Crisis Response Considerations for Nonprofits

Tuesday, May 20, 2014, 12:30 p.m. – 2:00 p.m. ET

Venable LLP, Washington, DC

Moderator: Jeffrey S. Tenenbaum, Esq., Venable LLP Panelists:

Jamie Moeller, Ogilvy Public Relations Kathy Baird Westfall, Ogilvy Public Relations Ronald M. Jacobs, Esq., Venable LLP





Upcoming Venable Nonprofit Events Register Now

June 18, 2014 – <u>Performance Management and</u> <u>Discipline in Nonprofits: Common Pitfalls, Unique</u> <u>Challenges, Effective Solutions</u>

July 17, 2014 – <u>Key Trademark and Copyright Rules</u> for Nonprofits to Follow – and Break!





Upcoming Venable Nonprofit Events Mark Your Calendars

August 13, 2014 – <u>Privacy and Data Security for</u> Your Nonprofit: Understanding Your Legal Obligations and Insuring against Risk

September 16, 2014 – <u>What's Ahead for 2015:</u> <u>Preparing Your Nonprofit's Group Health Plan for</u> <u>the Employer Mandate</u>



Agenda

- Protecting Brands in Turbulent Times
 - Crisis Characteristics and Origin
 - Crisis Management Protocol
 - Crisis Action Steps
- Trends, Platforms, and Data
 - Trends
 - Corporate Responses
 - Social Media Opportunity
 - A Social Media Crisis Framework
- Legal Considerations
 - Common Legal Issues in an Investigation
 - Planning Ahead and Risk Management
 - Protecting Your Information
 - Interacting and Negotiating with the Government
 - Internal Investigations
 - Congressional Hearings







Protecting Brands in Turbulent Times

Issue vs. Crisis

 Crisis – An event that immediately stops the work of the day in order to handle. It can affect the viability of a company. It is most often a reactive situation.

 Issue – A problem that, while important, can be contained with adequate advance planning and follow-up. If handled incorrectly, an issue can turn into a crisis.





7 Characteristics of a Crisis

- 1. Sudden change in circumstances
- 2. Insufficient information
- 3. Escalating flow of events
- 4. Beginning of loss of control
- 5. Intense scrutiny from outsiders and insiders
- 6. Beginning of the siege mentality
- 7. Panic



Where Do Crises Begin?

INTERNAL

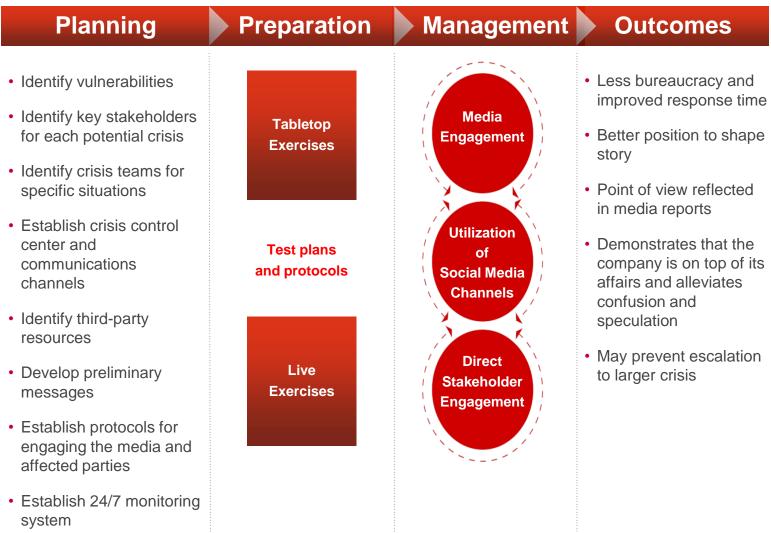
- Industrial Accident/Environmental Issue
- Investigation/Lawsuit/Fine/Settlement
- Poor Financials/Stock Performance
- Structure/Ownership Issue (M&A, etc.)
- Management Change/Dismissal
- Incident/Allegation of Mismanagement
- Incident/Allegation of Wrongdoing
- Consumer Complaint/Issue
- Product Defect/Recall
- Employee Complaint/Issue
- Labor Dispute
- Workplace Injury/Fatality

EXTERNAL

- Natural Catastrophe
 - Terrorist/Criminal Threat/Incident
- Activist Issue/Protest

Of the 15 major crisis categories, only 3 have predominantly external triggers.

Crisis Management Protocol





Action Steps

Preparation	First 3 Hours	First 6 Hours	First 24 Hours	Ongoing	Outcomes
 Vulnerability assessment Crisis planning Third-party development 	 Validate situation Alert crisis team Convene team meeting 	 Begin to implement tailored plan Leverage third-parties 	 Communicate with key stakeholders Release materials to the process 	 Hold morning and afternoon meetings to review progress 	 Voice in media reports Larger share of voice Helped
• Tabletop exercise	 Increase monitoring frequency 	crease onitoring• Tailor approach for specificintensity, instituteequencyincident• Conduct interviewsinstitute war-room with permanent	institute war-room with	establish correct context and frame the	
Message developmentMaterials	 Institute preliminary protocol 	 Prioritize activities Tailor	 Engage with online influencers 	monitoring and response, staffed by	situation Potentially shorter
developmentResource and asset mapping	 Identify Needs 	messages for specific incident • Develop	Conduct outreach to offline influencers	government and Ogilvy personnel	duration Potentially less criticism
 Social media audit 		additional material including statement, fact	 Monitor for, and correct, inaccuracies 	 Analyze impact of messaging and revise as 	
 Monitoring 		sheet, etc.		appropriate	





Value of Planning

According to a study by the insurance firm Marsh, every \$1 spent in crisis planning is worth \$7 in losses averted.









Trends Work in Combination with Platforms and Data



Trend 1: Massively Parallel Processing: The Mouse That Roared





Trend 2: I Am a Camera





Trend 3: Convening the Masses





Trend 4: Data, Data Everywhere







Corporate Responses





Social Media Opportunity



Opportunity 1: Crowd-Sourced Information





Opportunity 2: Hyper-communications





Opportunity 3: Compelling Narratives





Opportunity 4: One-to-Many/One-to-One





Opportunity 5: Tracking Sentiment in Real Time







A Social Media Crisis Framework





Legal Considerations

Common Legal Issues in an Investigation

- Document production
- Internal investigation
- Witness interviews
- Congressional hearings
- Private lawsuits
- Criminal investigations







Before the Storm



Planning Ahead





Documents

Retention Policies Reduce the number of documents

Organize the

documents





Risk Management

- Board
- Senior management
- Information flow





Controls

- Theft
- Regulatory filings
- Policy development
- Public communications





A Plan









In the Storm



Protecting Your Information

- Have the lawyer hire the experts
 - PR
 - Internal investigations
- Carefully review documents to be produced
- Congress isn't big on the attorney-client privilege
- Consider who in the organization gets the information





Interacting with the Government

- Different strategies with different agencies
- Consider relative power/authority
- Consider negotiating position
- Develop good relationships



Document Requests/Subpoenas

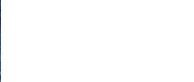
Review request/subpoena with experienced in-house counsel and/or outside counsel

Establish a custodian of records

Identify employees who may have responsive materials and conduct interviews

Establish a litigation hold (including electronic documents)

Determine scope of privileged materials



Electronic Documents

- Meet with Company I.T.
- Identify electronic media covered by subpoena
- Don't forget all removable/portable media
- Preserve electronic documents covered by request/subpoena
- Suspend electronic document destruction procedures and policies
- Consider hiring an outside vendor



Negotiate with Government

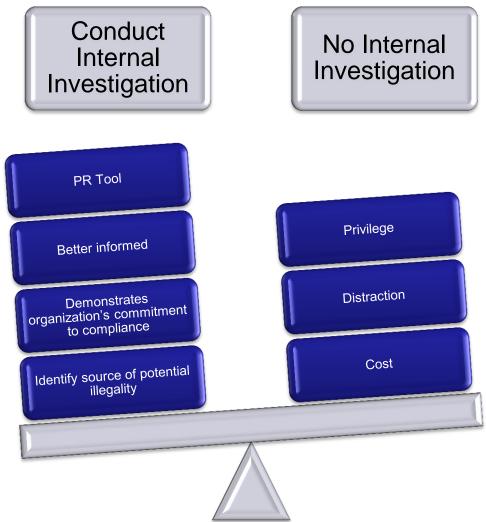
- Negotiate the scope of the request
 - What does the Government want?
 - What does the Government need?
 - What is practical to obtain?
 - What is practical to provide?
- Format of production
 - Paper vs. electronic
 - E-mails
- Timing of production
 - Rolling vs. set date
- Confidential and/or privileged documents







Internal Investigation





Employee/Officer Interviews

- Be sure document collection and fact-gathering are complete before agreeing to interviews
- Conduct mock interviews to prepare employee/officer



Congressional Hearings

- Written testimony should be prepared with counsel
- Identify allies on the committee
- 18 U.S.C. § 1001
- Conduct mock Q&A
- Pleading the Fifth
- PREPARE, PREPARE, PREPARE



Questions?

Jeffrey S. Tenenbaum, Esq., Venable LLP

jstenenbaum@Venable.com t 202.344.8138

Ronald M. Jacobs, Esq., Venable LLP

rmjacobs@Venable.com t 202.344.8215

Jamie Moeller, Ogilvy Public Relations

jamie.moeller@ogilvy.com

Kathy Baird Westfall, Ogilvy Public Relations

kathy.baird@ogilvy.com

To view an index of Venable's articles and presentations or upcoming seminars on nonprofit legal topics, see <u>www.Venable.com/nonprofits/publications</u> or <u>www.Venable.com/nonprofits/events</u>.

To view recordings of Venable's nonprofit programs on our YouTube channel, see www.youtube.com/user/VenableNonprofits.