2020: Navigating International Trade Trends and Their Impact on Your Global Non-Profit Operations

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Road Map: It's a Whole New World

- **2020 Global Trends**: Understanding the potential impact on your operations
- Evolving Operations: Marrying your goals with the right form of overseas operation and expansion
- Foreign Jurisdictions: Identifying and understanding challenges and restrictions including on money flow
- **Corruption Risks**: The practical challenges and high price of anti-corruption
- Other U.S. Law Considerations: Restrictions on certain cross-border transactions of goods, services and technology
- Enhancing Compliance: Essential considerations and provisions for protecting your interests
- Real Life Examples: When fact is crazier than fiction!



A Recent Real World Challenge: Coronavirus

- Coronavirus (Covid-19) and the Potential Impact on Your Operations
- World Health Organization declared it a public health emergency of international concern, and U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security has imposed certain routing and screening requirements; so what is the potential commercial impact?
 - Practical planning considerations timing?
 - Contractual liability Will any Insurance cover this?
 - Force Majeure How defined within your agreements and applicable law?
 - Performance by Service Providers and Contractors
 - What are the Attendance Considerations? Do you forge on or cancel and regroup?
- As with any novel legal issue, interpretive case law has not yet developed.



So, Are You Currently Operating Overseas or Just Thinking About It?

- Level set: First identify your entity's overseas activities and goals.
 - Long-term/Short-term?
 - Partner required or independent presence?
 - A local bank account: Required or advisable?
 - What type of activities are contemplated?
 - Education; Sales; Events; Membership Dues; Distribution of Materials; Certification services
- Establish a clear set of objectives, but be flexible, as activities will typically evolve over time.



Evolving Operations and Organizational Considerations

- Specific/Isolated Event versus Ongoing Presence
 - Host a one-time conference
 - Use of Association Management Company or "Trade Fair Organizer"
 - Affiliation with a similarly-situated association (i.e., a local entity)
 - Joint Venture
 - Local office of a U.S. nonprofit
 - Establish an "In-country Branch"
 - Establish a nonprofit entity under local law
- Generally, the more established the operations, the greater the potential restrictions.
- Key: How to transfer \$\$ to support the activities?



Employment and Tax Considerations

Arranging for support personnel for overseas operations

- Avoidance of inadvertently creating a permanent establishment would thereby subject the entity to local registration, tax or liability requirements.
- Consideration of a "shared services" model
- Is a local representative required?

What about Secondment?

- Issue: Foreign entity wants to employ a U.S. taxpayer, who would like to retain certain U.S. benefits (retirement plan, medical benefits, etc.).
- Solution: U.S. taxpayer is employed by U.S. entity, which enters into secondment arrangement with foreign entity for a defined period of time.
- Tax treatment
 - Employee is subject to foreign and local individual taxes
 - Foreign tax credit regime
 - Potential tax equalization payment for non-creditable foreign taxes
- Subject to both foreign country and U.S. employment laws

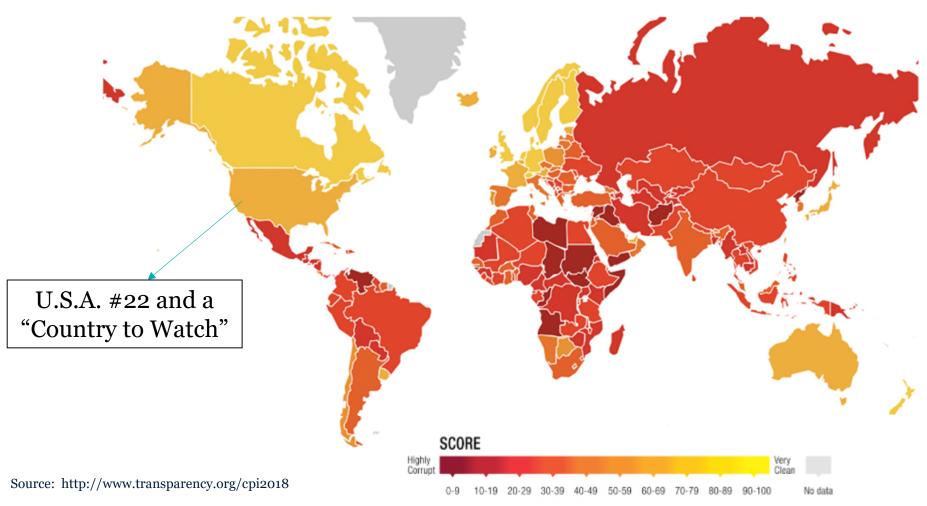


Additional Tax Considerations

- Legal and regulatory restrictions on the movement of cash
- Potential tax and foreign exchange issues
 - Is a non-profit structure viable and what are the requirements?
 - Will there be any impact on the U.S. entity's non-profit status?
 - NB: When governmental authorization is needed, it always takes longer than anticipated!



The "Heat Map" (aka in the World of Corruption, Not all Countries are Created Equally)





The Consistent Threat of Corruption and U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA)

- U.S. law enacted by Congress in 1977 to address rampant bribery of foreign government officials
 - Now, a global trend!
- Anti-Bribery Provisions (also SEC Recordkeeping Provisions):
 - Prohibits the paying of, offering, promising to pay (or authorizing to pay or offering) money or "anything of value,"
 - With corrupt intent, directly or indirectly,
 - To a "foreign government official" or political party official,
 - For the purpose of:
 - (i) influencing an official act or decision;
 - (ii) causing the official to fail to perform his lawful duty; or
 - (iii) obtaining or retaining business or to secure any improper advantage.
- Certain *limited* exceptions and affirmative defenses exist, but are not universally recognized.



Understanding the FCPA (aka the "Follow the Money" Act)

Applicability of the FCPA:

- Current "red flag" countries
- Nonprofits are <u>not</u> exempt
- Who is a "foreign government official?"
- "Agency" relationship with partners abroad → U.S.-based nonprofit can be held liable for the acts of partners abroad under FCPA
- Watch out for the provision of "samples" or other incentives

Other National and International Anti-Bribery Laws

- Local laws (China, Brazil, Germany, Italy, etc.)
- UK Bribery Act (includes commercial bribery)
- OECD (International recognition and implementation)



Other U.S. Law Considerations

- Accurate Recording and Reporting:
 - Accurate books and records a must No "slush" funds
 - Strict reporting requirements for multiple government agencies
- Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Concerns:
 - U.S. Department of Treasury reporting requirements
 - "Know Your Customer" considerations
- Anti-Boycott Reporting: (e.g. "Don't use Bank X"):
 - U.S. Department of Commerce (even if boycott not followed)
 - IRS reporting requirements



Other U.S. Law Considerations cont'd.

- Reporting to U.S. Customs and Border Protection:
 - How are your overseas programs funded?
 - Paying or receiving payment for services?
 - Returning to the U.S. with more than \$10,000 in cash or equivalent for convenience?
 - Members carrying cash?
 - Don't "evade" by splitting payments.
 - Report upon arrival to avoid False Statement claim.



Even More U.S. Law Considerations

• U.S. Economic Sanctions (OFAC)

- U.S. sanctions are constantly changing and may affect ability to do business in certain countries and with nationals or entities based in those countries
 - Iran; Syria; Cuba; Sudan; N. Korea
 - Other "Targeted" Sanctions (e.g., Russia)
- Comprehensive sanctions prohibit <u>most</u> transactions with entities, persons or governmental entities in those countries
- "Targeted" Sanctions: New approach; SDN listings (incl. Banks)
- "Informational Materials" exemption
- Transactional prohibitions, including payments and remittances

U.S. Export Controls and Economic Sanctions

- Controls on "exports" or releases of U.S.-origin goods, technology and services to certain destinations, entities and end users
- Are you exporting computers, technology or other goods in support of your overseas venture? (Materials for a trade show; hand-carry items can be subject to controls; Fair payment?)



Foreign Law Considerations

Know the Restrictions!

- Any Foreign Controls on Currency Flow?
 - License required?
 - Prohibitions on Hard Currency Movement?
 - Limitations on Remittances or Banking?
 - Practical challenges in collection of dues/revenue or repatriation of funds to U.S. nonprofit?

Understand Foreign Investment Concerns

- Any Restrictions by Local Law on Foreign Investment in that Country?
- Consistent with National Public Policy Priorities?
- Target of any Nationalistic Policy Controls?
- New Era of Protectionism and its Possible Impact Abroad.



Your Compliance Considerations

• Essential provisions for protecting your interests:

- Regulatory versus Contractual Considerations
 - Compliance with U.S. *and* Local Laws/Regulations
 - Careful review of any agreement between your U.S.-based nonprofit and any foreign person/entity is key

• A few "sticky" provisions for Agreements:

- Dispute Resolution: Forum, Place, and Type (e.g., Mediation, Arbitration, Litigation)
- Compliance with Laws (Anti-corruption, Export controls/sanctions, Anti-boycott, AML, etc.)
- Governing Law: *Excluding* a "conflicts of law provision"
- Agency versus "Independent Contractor"
- IP: Firm IP, TM and Copyright language
- Termination Provisions (always in writing)
- NB: Always a country- and fact-specific analysis
- Local counsel advice and Privilege considerations



Examples: You Can't Make This Stuff Up!

- Requests to "Over-Invoice" or Double Invoice
 - Requests for more than materials or services provided
 - Double invoice at different levels
 - Evasion of local tax obligations
 - Avoid restrictions on export of currency
 - Aiding and abetting the actions!
- Requests to Pay Outside of Foreign Country
 - Requests to pay into 3rd country bank account
 - Payments to other person or entity (including a "middleman")
 - Risks: See above!
- Avoid the "Cash Mule": Warnings to your team
 - Follow the Money: Educate, Train and Audit!
 - Get Guidance from Counsel:
 - To disclose or Not to Disclose?



Questions?



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UBIT: The Tax Consequences of Revenue Generating Activities for Your Nonprofit

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