

Hot Topics in Advertising & Marketing: COVID-19, Financial Services, and More – An ACC Legal Quick Hit

Financial Services Network Wednesday, May 27, 2020

Panelists

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Today's Discussion

- COVID-19: Regulatory impact on financial services industry advertising
- Regulatory outlook at the FTC, CFPB, banking agencies, and states
- Lead generation, influencer, and other emerging marketing methods
- Emerging trends in government investigations, competitor challenges, litigation defense, and more

Practical compliance tips and strategies, including the use of RegTech/AI, the role of compliance staff and lawyers, and real-world examples





Today's Panelists



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COVID-19: Regulatory impact on financial services industry advertising





Regulators Urging Financial Services Sector to Help

- Treasury identifies "Financial Services" as Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce.
- Federal Regulators providing providers tools to assist households, businesses, and the economy more broadly.
 - Enhanced credit resources Agencies facilitating the flow of credit to households and businesses, including changes to regulatory and monetary policy.
 - Regulatory relief Agencies are providing regulatory relief to support efforts to provide financial services to those impacted by the crisis.



The financial services sector is identified as Critical Infrastructure Sector by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS). The attached DHS guidance, dated, March 19, 2020, identifies the essential critical infrastructure workers during the COVID-19 response emergency, and provides guidance to State and local officials as they work to protect their communities while ensuring continuity of critical functions to public health and safety, as well as economic and national security.

Consistent with the President's guidelines, "if you work in a critical infrastructure sector, as defined by the Department of Homeland Security, you have a special responsibility to maintain your normal work schedule." The Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce for the financial services sector includes workers who are needed to process and maintain systems for processing financial transactions and services, such as payment, clearing and settlement services, wholesale funding, insurance services, and capital markets activities; to provide consumer access to banking and lending services, including ATMs, movement of currency (e.g. armored cash carriers); support financial operations, such as those staffing data and security operations centers; and, key third party providers who deliver core services. These individuals are critical to maintaining safe and efficient financial services and ensuring citizens have access to these services that are necessary to conduct their daily lives.

Companies aligned to the essential critical infrastructure worker definition are expected to maintain their operations and work schedules. Everyone should follow guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as well as State and local officials regarding strategies to limit disease spread. We are dedicated to working closely with all of you to ensure the safety of the workforce and ensure the continued operations of the financial services sector in support of our Nation's economy.

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Financial Services Regulators

- Virtually every agency has issued some form of the following:
 - Guidance for companies to provide customer assistance
 - Regulatory relief to assist customers
 - Notice that the agency is still enforcing the law
- Areas of focus:

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau:

Federal Trade Commission:

Mortgage, Student Lending, Credit Reporting, No Action Letters

COVID-19 treatments and coronavirus prevention, small business loan, pitches, robocalls, and market collusion

Prudential Banking Regulators:

State Attorneys General Offices:

Payment accommodations, credit reporting, delinquency, examination guidance, disclosures, operational issues Payment accommodations, foreclosure prevention



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Regulators urging financial services sector to help consumers: Are there pitfalls?

- How will providing temporary relief or modifications to your product and services interact with regulatory requirements?
 - Do your products and services match your terms and conditions or terms of service?
 - Different services or product than what was advertised
 - Delayed or deferred payment options what are the requirements / mandatory or optional
 - Cancellation and/or refund what are the requirements / mandatory or optional
 - Compliance Management Systems
 - Temporary policies
 - Customer compliant response and monitoring
- Focus Area: Services and products that directly impact consumers suffering from COVID-19, protected classes, business-to-business, and CARES Act Payment Protection funding.
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Regulators Urging Patience and Assistance

- Key Takeaways
 - Businesses must be able to continue serving the financial needs of their customers during this crisis, not just for the customers, but for communities and the overall economy.
 - Regulators expect businesses to work with customers impacted by COVID-19 and to make prudent accommodations where possible.
 - All actions should be taken with appropriate management oversight and consistent with industry practices and applicable law, including consumer financial protection laws.
 - Document the reasons and basis for making any changes.
 - Consider reviewing, again, whether the product still meets all required regulatory scrutiny.
 - If you are an examined business (supervised nonbanks and service providers), stay in regular communication with your regulators/examiners.







The Federal Trade Commission

Tips for consumers and businesses

- Small Business Lending Tips for owners and lenders—likely to be a focus going forward and immediately after the pandemic.
- Privacy and data security are still major concerns
 - Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA) for online services, including Edtech or remote learning.
 - Increased penalties in settlements
- Warning letters with other agencies re: ads mentioning coronavirus and COVID-19
 - FTC / FCC related to businesses using robocalls to advertise fraudulent government assistance.
 - FTC / U.S. Food and Drug Administration to businesses advertising coronavirus cures or relief.

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FTC Staff Report on Small Business Financing Forum

- The 12-page report provides staff perspectives on key issues discussed at the FTC's May 2019 forum on small business financing, "Strictly Business," including online loans and alternative financing products (Forum).
- The report includes several staff cautions to small business finance providers and their service providers to help them avoid the types of conduct the FTC has alleged to be unlawful.
- The report emphasizes that the FTC has broad jurisdiction over commercial financing under the FTC Act and other laws that prohibit deceptive, unfair, and unlawful practices by small business financing providers and their marketers, servicers, and collectors.
- Perhaps to underscore this point, the staff repeatedly refer to small business borrowers as "consumers" throughout the report, suggesting that they see no difference in the FTC's authority over consumer protection and small business protection.
- <u>Between the line</u>s: Given the attention small business financing products are receiving, it would not be surprising if the FTC has open investigations involving small business financing products.

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"Strictly Business" Forum

STAFF PERSPECTIVE | FEBRUARY 2020

Introduction

Small businesses act as an important engine in the U.S. economy by providing economic opportunity for entrepreneurs and employment for millions of job seekers. They are also woven into the commercial and social fabric of local communities, offering the goods and services on which consumers rely day-to-day. Like other enterprises, small businesses need financing to operate and grow. While many can obtain loans from traditional lenders, like local banks, in recent years small businesses have increasingly turned to relatively new sources of financing, including online loans,¹ lines of credit, and other alternative products. While these forms of financing offer some potential benefits for small businesses consumers (for example, broadening the availability of credit), they have also raised some consumer protection concerns.

The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC" or "Commission") has broad jurisdiction under the FTC Act and other laws² to stop deceptive, unfair, and other unlawful practices by small business financing providers and their marketers, servicers, and collectors. In recent years, the Commission has used its authority to bring dozens of actions to protect small businesses from frauds, like fake invoice and unordered merchandise scams.³ Additionally, the Commission has worked to stop unlawful conduct in the online lending marketplace by bringing actions against lenders for allegedly deceiving consumers about key aspects of their loans, like up-front fees, consumer savings, and servicing-related features.⁴ The agency remains committed to protecting small businesses, including in the lending marketplace.

In order to further examine recent trends in small business financing, on May 8, 2019, the FTC hosted a public forum, "Strictly Business" (or "Forum").⁵ This event brought together a variety of stakeholders and experts to discuss consumer protection issues associated with this marketplace. This Staff Perspective highlights some of the key issues discussed during the Forum, as well as other information gathered through law enforcement and from existing research. In particular, we provide background on recent trends in the small business financing marketplace, discuss some potential benefits of newer online financing products, and examine some of their risks for small businesses.



The Federal Trade Commission

- Enforcement: Business kind of as usual
 - Advertising:
 - FTC v. LendingClub Could be going to trial if SJ doesn't sort it out
 - The intersection of UDAP and TILA and "hidden fees"
 - FTC v. Progressive Leasing
 - FTC will look at companies more than once, digital design of disclosures important, monitor service providers/vendors
 - In the matter of LendEDU
 - UDAP, Regulation E, and TILA
 - FTC v. Lead Express, et al. (Harvest Moon Financial) Payday lending and tribal enterprise
- **Commissioner disagreements out in the public:** Is it because of work from home?
 - Chairman Simon's decision in a pharmaceutical merger notes that Commissioner Chopra's dissent
 - Had a disregard for facts and law and dismissed the work of the dedicated and hardworking FTC staff
 - Relies on false assertions, misapplication of law, and specious logic
 - Embraces the adage to "never let the truth get in the way of a good story"
 - Speculates versus relying on a rigorous investigation that is grounded in evidence

Cases to watch: Supreme Court Cert Petition regarding 7th Circuit decision that vitiates the FTC's ancillary equitable authority

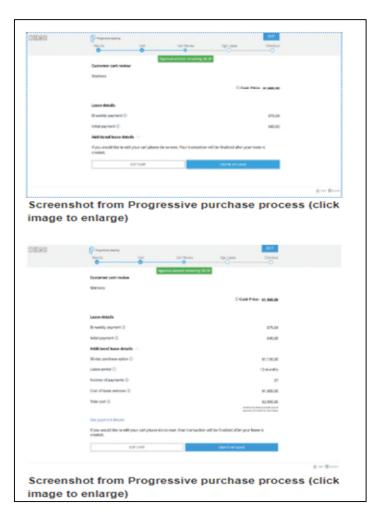
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FTC v. Progressive Leasing

- Rent-to-own payment plans in retail stores
- Alleged misleading marketing of payment plans, e.g., "same as cash," or "no interest"
- Alleged company was aware of consumer confusion with > 15k complaints in 15-month period
- \$175m settlement for refunds, prohibition on misrep. the cost, terms, or nature of its plans, and must get consumers' express, informed consent before charging or billing them; monitoring of third party, such as retailers.
- Dissent Commissioner Rebecca Kelly Slaughter contended that the proposed settlement does not adequately remediate harm or achieve appropriate deterrence. She advocated for (i) higher monetary relief, closer to the total amount Progressive charged consumers over the cash price—in excess of \$1 billion; (ii) individual liability for Progressive's CEO because he participated directly in the allegedly illegal practices or had authority to control them and because Progressive's parent company, Aaron's, had been subject to prior FTC actions; and (iii) charging Progressive with a violation of the Restore Online Shoppers' Confidence Act (ROSCA).

Takeaways: FTC will look at company more than once; importance of disclosure and digital design; responsibility for third parties, such as retailers (e.g., lead generators for financing)

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Consumer Financial Protection Bureau

- Providing guidance and regulatory relief not just on the phone
 - 2 No Action Letters issued in March (mortgage servicing loss mitigation software and small dollar lending)
- Statement on Bureau Supervisory and Enforcement Response to COVID-19 Pandemic
- Awaiting Debt Collection Final Rule
 - Debt collection rule: Time barred debt allowable with disclosures (open for comment)
- Guidance on mortgage relief options
- Guidance to financial firms during the pandemic (billing error responsibilities and change in account terms w/o notice)
- Housing Assistance website



The CFPB: Still going

Enforcement focus:

- Oversight of vulnerable populations more likely to result in new lawsuits (elderly, servicemembers, students).
- Ongoing litigation will continue dependent on courts and opposing parties.
- Continuing investigations with no in-person contacts e.g., data requests (CIDs).

Recent cases:

- Cross-selling incentives and account opening issues.
- Advertised mortgages, but provided leads to student loan debt relief companies.
- Credit repair offers and services.
- <u>Key takeaways</u>: State what you mean, strengthen and review compliance, analyze customer complaints—don't just answer them.



Federal Prudential Banking and State Regulators

- Agencies will provide appropriate regulatory assistance to affected institutions subject to their supervision.
- Encouraging institutions to work constructively with borrowers and other customers in affected communities.
 - Prudent efforts that are consistent with safe and sound lending practices should not be subject to examiner criticism.
- Expedite, as appropriate, requests to provide more convenient availability of services in affected communities.
- Work with affected financial institutions in scheduling examinations or inspections to minimize disruption and burden. (Joint Press Release, Fed, FDIC, CFPB, CSBS, NCUA, OCC (March 9, 2020))
- CA Department of Business Oversight
 - Likely to continue regulating and take action if absolutely necessary.
 - Settlements with point-of-sale lenders restitution, fees, and obtain a California Financing Law license.
- NY
 - No new enforcement actions in March 2020.
 - Accommodation to consumers/borrowers in Circular 7.
 - Reminder to funeral homes about consumer rights.

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Lead generation, influencer, and other emerging marketing methods



Advertising, Lead Generation, Influencers, and Endorsement Guide

- The FTC and CFPB are watching the use of lead generation
 - If you use affiliate marketing, make sure you know what your advertisers are telling your customers to get them in the door
 - Watch out for free offers, gifts, subscriptions, and competitions
- FTC Advertising Disclosure Guidance for Online Influencers
- Endorsement Guide Update on Horizon

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Follow the Lead

An FTC Workshop on Lead Generation

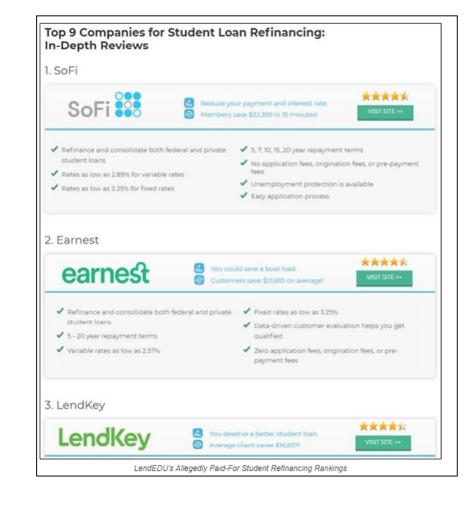


10104 Federal Register/Vol. 85, No. 35/Friday, February 21, 2020/Proposed Rules		
Regulatory Notices and Analyses	(Lat. 45"49'24" N, Iong, 92"22'25" W)	FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
The FAA has determined that this	That airepace extending upward from 700 fost above the surface within a 6.5-mile	Michael Ostheimer (202-326-2699)
regulation only involves an established	net above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of the Burnett County Airport, and	montheimer@ftc.gov, Division of
hody of technical regulations for which	radius of the Barnett County Auport, and within 2 miles each side of the 045" bearing	Advertising Practices, Bureau of
frequent and routine amendments are	from the alreast extending from the 6.5-mile	Consumer Protection, Federal Trade
necessary to keep them operationally		Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Ave
current, is non-controversial and	and within 2 miles each side of the 137"	NW, Washington, DC 20580.
unlikely to result in adverse or negative	bearing from the airport extending from the 6.5-mile radius to 9.9 miles southeast of the	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
comments. It, therefore: (1) Is not a	airport, and within 2 miles each side of the	I. Background
"significant regulatory action" under	225' bearing from the airport extending from	In Docember 1972, the Commissio
Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT	the 6.5-mile radius to 9.5 miles southwest of	published for public comment prop-
"significant rule" under DOT	the airport, and within 2 miles each side of	Guides Concerning the Use of
Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3)	the 317 ^s bearing from the airport extending	Endorsements and Testimonials in
does not warrant preparation of a	from the 6.5-mile radius to 9.5 miles northwest of the airport.	Advertising, 37 FR 25548 (1972).
regulatory evaluation as the anticipated		Interested parties submitted extensi
impact is so minimal. Since this is a	Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on February	comments. On May 21, 1975, the
impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air	10, 2020.	Commission promulgated, under the
routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air nevigation, it	Steve Szukala,	Federal Trade Commission Act ("FI
is certified that this rule, when	Acting Manager, Operations Support Group.	Act"), 15 U.S.C. 41-58, three section
promulgated, would not have a	ATO Central Service Center.	the 1972 proposal as final guideline
significant economic impact on a	(FR.Doc. 2820-03299 Filed 2-20-20, 8-63 am)	CFR 255.0, 255.3 and 255.4) and
substantial number of small entities	BLUND CODE (INTR-12-P	republished three others, in modifie
under the criteria of the Regulatory		form, for additional public comment
Flexibility Act.		FR 22127 (1975). The Commission
Environmental Review	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION	received public comment on the three
	16 CFR Part 255	re-proposed guidelines, as well as or
This proposal will be subject to an	16 CPR Part 255	one of the final guidelines. On Janua
environmental analysis in accordance	Guides Concerning the Use of	18, 1980, the Commission promulga
with FAA Order 1050.1F,	Endorsements and Testimonials in	three new sections as final guideline
"Environmental Impacts: Policies and	Advertising	(16 CFR 255.1, 255.2 and 255.5) and
Procedures" prior to any FAA final		modified one example to one of the
regulatory action.	AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.	guidelines adopted in May 1975 (16 CFR 235.0 Example 4), 45 FR 3870
List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71	ACTION: Regulatory review; request for	CFR 255.0 Example 4). 45 FR 3870 (1980).
Airspace, Incorporation by reference,	public comment.	(1980). As part of its periodic regulatory
Navigation (air).	Summary: The Federal Trade	review, the Commission sought publ
	Commission ("FTC" or "Commission")	comment on the Endorsement Guide
The Proposed Amendment	requests public comments on its Guides	January 2007, 72 FR 2214 (2007). In
Accordingly, pursuant to the	Concerning the Use of Endorsements	November 2008, the Commission
authority delegated to me, the Federal	and Testimonials in Advertising	discussed the comments it received
Aviation Administration proposes to	("Endorsement Guides" or "Guides").	2007, proposed certain revisions to t
amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:	The Commission is soliciting the	Guides, and requested comment on
PART 71-DESIGNATION OF CLASS A.	comments as part of its systematic	those proposed revisions. 73 FR 723
PART 71-DESIGNATION OF CLASS A. B. C. D. AND E AIRSPACE AREAS: AIR	review of all current Commission	(2008). In October 2009, the
B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND	regulations and guides.	Commission substantively amended
REPORTING POINTS	DATES: Written comments must be	Guides, 74 FR 53124 (2009).
NEPONTING POINTS	received on or before April 21, 2020.	The Guides are designed to assist
 The authority citation for 14 CFR 	ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a	businesses and others in conforming
part 71 continues to read as follows:	comment online or on paper by	their endorsement and testimonial
Authority: 49-U.S.C. 106(5, 106(g): 40103.	following the instructions in the	advertising practices to the
40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR.	Request for Comment part of the	requirements of Section 5 of the FTC
1959-1963 Comp., p. 389.	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Inclines	Act. The Guides interpret laws the
	below. Write "Endorsement Guides,	Commission administers, and thus a
§71.1 [Amended]	P204500" on your comment, and file	advisory in nature. The Commission,
2. The incorporation by reference in	your comment online through https://	however, can take action under the l
14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order 7400.11D,	newse regulations gov. If you prefer to	Act if an endorsement or testimonial
Airepace Designations and Reporting	file your comment on paper, mail your	inconsistent with the Guides. In any
Points, dated August 8, 2019, and	comment to the following address:	such enforcement action, the
effective September 15, 2019, is	Federal Trade Commission, Office of the	Commission must prove that the
amended as follows:	Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue	challenged act or practice is unfair o
Paragraph 6005 Gase E Aicepace Areas	NW, Suite CC-5610 (Annex B).	deceptive in violation of Section 5 of
Extending Upward From 700 Feet or Man-	Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your	FTC Act. The Guides define both
Above the Surface of the Earth.	comment to the following address:	endorsements and testimonials broad
	Federal Trade Commission, Office of the	to mean any advertising message that
AGL WI ES Sirve, WI [Amended]	Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th	consumers are likely to believe reflec
	Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex	the opinions, beliefs, findings, or
Burnett Granty Aleport, WI	B), Washington, DC 20024.	experience of a party other than the

In the Matter of LendEDU, et al.

- Website compares student loans and other financial products
- Alleged misleading marketing that led consumers to believe website provided objective product information, when in fact they provided higher rankings and ratings to companies that paid for placement.
- FTC's complaint alleged operators of LendEDU.com falsely claimed that the website provided "objective," "accurate," and "unbiased" information about consumer financial products, such as student loans, personal loans, and credit cards. Specifically, LendEDU misrepresented that the information on its website was not affected by compensation from advertisers. Also, alleged made-up consumer reviews.
- \$350k settlement and prohibition on making the alleged misreps.
- **Takeaways:** Disclose material connection, and endorsements; disclosure and placement of influence of compensation on content or other material connections; disclosure and placement of any material connection between endorser and advertiser.





Mortgage – Foreclosure Relief

- Federal Agency Guidance to suspend foreclosures and evictions for at least 60 days.
 - Actions by Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) for government program and GSE Loans.
 - Federal programs implementing special forbearance programs for borrowers affected by COVID-19 crisis, with hardship forbearance up to 12 months.
- Other actions to mitigate foreclosures and evictions by private market and various regulators.
 - Private lenders and investors implementing similar measures by FHFA and HUD.
 - Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (agency in charge of administering and enforcing federal mortgage servicing and loss mitigation rules) issued statement in support of foreclosure suspension and offered to work with affected borrowers through complaint portal.
 - State and local governments instituting their own protective measures.



Mortgage and Consumer Loan Origination

- FHFA also announced accommodations for GSE underwriting requirements relating to employment verifications and appraisals.
 - Ability to substitute email, paystubs, or bank records showing recent deposit for verbal employment verification.
 - More flexible appraisal requirements to reduce need for appraisers to conduct inhome inspections.
- Federal Reserve will purchase as much as \$200 billion in mortgage-backed securities to bolster the secondary mortgage market and provide liquidity.
 - Fed also announced the creation of the Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility to back the flow of credit to households and businesses.
 - Facility will support the issuance of asset-backed securities backed by student loans, auto loans, credit card loans, and Small Business Administrationguaranteed loans, which will offer some relief to those borrowers.



Emerging trends in government investigations, competitor challenges, litigation defense, and more



Self-Regulatory Associations: NAD

- Competitor challenges related to the following have been handled in the past few months:
 - Use of consumer testimonials where the experience has not been shown to be typical.
 - Must disclose the generally expected performance in the depicted circumstances or limited applicability of the endorsing consumer's experience.
 - Follow the FTC Endorsement Guides.
 - Cost disclosures related to subscription billing must follow ROSCA and UDAAP
 - Disclosure must be in close proximity to the offer.
 - One party refused to participate in self-regulatory challenge, so referred to the FTC.



Practical Tips During COVID-19 Crisis

- Everything is online and digital now.
 - Monitor all federal and state guidance related to how to handle in-person process items that are now occurring online.
 - Review your advertisements and monitor vendors.
 - Update terms and conditions for any product changes.
 - Review compliance with all regulatory laws, especially those related to online issues.
 - E-sign
 - TILA, TISA, RESPA, EFTA, etc.
 - GLBA / privacy and data security
 - UDAAP / UDAP
 - BSA / AML as relevant
 - Work with customers and be as reasonable as possible.
 - Analyze customer complaints and issues for trends.
 - Document all issues, decision making, and outcomes.





COVID-19 Resources

Explore our collection of timely and relevant alerts, webinars, and news.





www.Venable.com/COVIDCFS

www.Venable.com/covid-19



Questions?



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